

**Instructions:** This Exam consists of two parts.

In Part I you must do all 5 questions.

In Part II choose any 5 complete questions.

A scientific calculator is required for some questions. Graphing calculators are not permitted. **Show all work.**

**Part I. Do all 5 questions.**

1. Simplify completely each of the following. Your answers should be fractions that are completely reduced.

a)  $\frac{1 - \frac{4}{x^2}}{1 + \frac{4}{x} - \frac{4}{x^2}}$

b)  $\frac{2x^2 - 3xy - 2y^2}{12x - 12y} \div \frac{x^2 - xy - 2y^2}{x^2 - y^2}$

2.  $\frac{3x}{x^2 - 4x + 3} - \frac{2x + 1}{x^2 - 1}$

3. a)  $\frac{5\sqrt{x} - 2}{2 + 5\sqrt{x}}$

b) Solve:  $\frac{1}{x-2} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{3}$

4. a)  $\left(\frac{27x^{-5}y^{9/8}}{x^{3/2}}\right)^{-4/3}$

b)  $3x^5y\sqrt{72x^8y^{27}} - 7x^2y^{12}\sqrt{18x^{14}y^5}$

5. Solve the equation  $\sqrt{17 - 4x} - 7 = x$  and check your answers.

**End of Part I. You should have answered all questions from this Part.**

**Please turn the page for Part II.**

**Part II. Choose any 5 complete questions (omit 2).**

6. Find the center and radius of the circle whose equation is  $4x^2 + 4y^2 + 52 = 40x - 24y$ .

Solution: center (5,-3) radius  $\sqrt{21}$

7. Solve for x only. 
$$\begin{cases} x + 4y - z = 0 \\ x + y + z = 4 \\ 3y - z = -1 \end{cases}$$

8. The sum of an integer and twice its reciprocal is  $\frac{27}{5}$ . Find the integer.

**Solution:** the integer is 5

9. a) Find the midpoint of the line segment joining (-2,-1) and (-8,6).

b) Find an equation of the line through point (-4,8) that is perpendicular to the line  $2x - 3y = 1$ .

10. a) In triangle ABC, angle A measures 31 degrees, angle B measures 111 degrees, and the length of side AB is 15 centimeters. Find the length of side AC, correct to two decimal places.

b) Given A is an acute angle with  $\cot A = \frac{4}{3}$ , then show that  $\csc A = \frac{5}{3}$ .

11. Find (to the nearest degree) the largest angle of a triangle whose sides measure 5 inches, 8 inches, and 12 inches.

12. Given the function,  $f(x) = 3 - 5x - 2x^2$  find and simplify

(a)  $f(-7)$  and

(b)  $f(1-2a) - f(6a)$