## MATH 392 Quiz 2A

February 6, 2018

Name: ANSWERS

Instructions: No calculators! Use your own scrap paper and write your answers in the space provided.

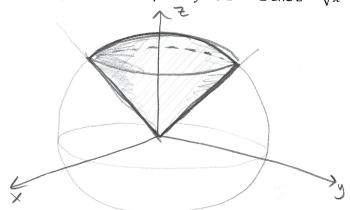
1. Let  $\vec{r}(t) = \langle x(t), y(t) \rangle$ , f(x,y) be a scalar function, and  $P(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $Q(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  be points in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Complete the following rules with vector functions:

(a)  $\vec{r}'(t) = \langle x'(t), y'(t) \rangle$ 

(b)  $\nabla f = \langle f_x, f_y \rangle$ 

(c) Line segment  $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \langle x_1 + (x_2 - x_1)t, y_1 + (y_2 - y_1)t, z_1 + (z_2 - z_1)t \rangle$  (include limits)

2. (a) (2 points) Sketch the region bounded by  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2$  and  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ .



(b) Parametrize the curve of intersection,  $\vec{r}_i(t)$ , of the above two surfaces. Set up the limits so that the curve is traversed once.

 $\vec{r}_i(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, 1 \rangle$ 

Limits:  $\bigcirc \leq t \leq 2\pi$ 

3. (a) Parametrize the line segment from (1,-1,2) to (3,2,-1):  $\vec{r}_l(t) = \frac{\langle 1+2t, -1+3t, 2-3t \rangle_0 \leq t \leq 1}{\langle 1+2t, -1+3t, 2-3t \rangle_0 \leq t \leq 1}$ 

(b) What is the length of the above line?  $L = \sqrt{22}$ 

4. Find a unit vector that is orthogonal to both < 1,0,3 > and < 2,-1,7 >.  $\vec{u} =$ 

**Bonus:** 

1. Let  $C = \vec{r}(t)$  and f be as in problem 1. Find formulas for:

(i) The length of  $\vec{r}(t)$  for  $a \le t \le b$ :  $L = \sqrt{(x'(t))^2 + (y'(t))^2}$ 

(ii) 
$$\int_{C} f ds = \int_{a}^{b} f(x(t), y(t)) \cdot \sqrt{(x'(t))^{2} + (y'(t))^{2}} dt$$

2. Compute the length of  $\vec{r}(t) = \cos^2 t$ ,  $4, \sin^2 t > \text{for } 0 \le t \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ :

Integral Set-up: 52 sinzt dt

, Answer:  $\sqrt{2}$