# MATH 375, SPRING 2015, FINAL EXAM 

## PLEASE WRITE YOUR NAME HERE:

1 (10 points). Calling a particular 800 number results in success with probability .8. What is the probability that it would take more than 4 tries to reach this number?

2 (10 points). You have a well shuffled standard deck of 52 cards. You open one card at a time. What is the probability that $3 \boldsymbol{\$}$ comes before $7 \triangle$ and both are opened before $Q \boldsymbol{p}$ ?

3 (10 points). You flip a fair coin and if it lands on heads, you roll a die twice and let $X$ denote the sum of the two outcomes. If the coin lands on tails, you only roll a die once and let $X$ be the outcome of that roll. What is the probability that $X$ is at least 5 ?

4 (10 points). On a particular day, according to the weather forecast, the chance of rain and the chance of snow are $30 \%$ each. Moreover, if it is going to rain or snow on that day, the chance that it would start between 12 am and 1 am is $40 \%$ for rain and $20 \%$ for snow. If there is no rain or snow between 12 am and 1 am on that day, what is the probability that it snows later in the day?

5 (10 points). Suppose that $X \sim \operatorname{Exp}(\alpha)$ and the distribution of $Y$ given $X=x$ is also $\operatorname{Exp}(\alpha)$. Find the expected value of $Y-X$.

6 (10 points). In a forest, the heights of trees are independent identically distributed random variables with mean $\mu=10 \mathrm{~m}$ and standard deviation $\sigma=2 \mathrm{~m}$. Use the Central Limit Theorem to estimate the 90th percentile of the sum of the heights of 100 trees.

7 (10 points). An auto insurance company classifies its customers into two categories-low risk and high risk. According to this company, $70 \%$ of the customers are low risk and $30 \%$ are high risk. The probability that a low risk customer has an accident in any given year is .1 and for a high risk customer it is .3. If a customer has an accident in 2015, what are the chances that she will have an accident in 2016 ?

8 (10 points). If $X$ is a random variable with mean $\mu=5$ and standard deviation $\sigma=2$, prove that

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\mathrm{P}(X \geq 8) \leq \frac{4}{9}
$$

9 (10 points). Let $f_{X, Y}(x, y)=C y e^{-x y}, x, y>1$, and let $Z=X-Y$.
(a) (2 pts) Find the constant $C$.
(b) (2 pts) Find the joint pdf $f_{X, Z}(x, z)$.
(c) (2 pts) Write down the integral for the marginal pdf $f_{Z}(z)$, but do not evaluate it.
(d) (2 pts) Write down the formula for the conditional pdf $f_{X \mid Z}(x \mid z)$, but do not evaluate it.
(e) (2 pts) Write down the formula for the conditional expectation $E(X \mid Z=1)$, but do not evaluate it.

10 (10 points). Let $X, Y \sim \operatorname{Bernoulli}(p)$. Is $X+Y$ always $\operatorname{Binomial}(2, p)$ ? Prove or give a counterexample. Hint: Flip a coin.

