

2.1

$$2) g(x) = 2x^3 - 4x + 1 \quad [0, 2]$$

$$g(0) = 2(0)^3 - 4(0) + 1 = 1$$

$$g(2) = 2(2)^3 - 4(2) + 1 = 16 - 8 + 1 = 9$$

$$\frac{g(2) - g(0)}{(2) - (0)} = \frac{(9) - (1)}{(2) - (0)} = \frac{8}{2} = \underline{4}$$

$$4) C(x) = \frac{4x}{x+2} \quad [4, 8]$$

$$C(4) = \frac{4(4)}{(4)+2} = \frac{16}{6} = \frac{8}{3} \quad C(8) = \frac{4(8)}{(8)+2} = \frac{32}{10} = \frac{16}{5}$$

$$\text{G-LCD} = 15 = (5)(3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{C(8) - C(4)}{(8) - (4)} &= \frac{\left(\frac{16}{5}\right) - \left(\frac{8}{3}\right)}{(8) - (4)} = \left(\frac{\frac{16}{5} - \frac{8}{3}}{\frac{4}{1}}\right) \left(\frac{\frac{15}{1}}{\frac{15}{1}}\right) = \frac{(16)(3) - (8)(5)}{4(15)} \\ &= \frac{48 - 40}{60} = \frac{8}{60} = \frac{4}{30} = \underline{\underline{\frac{2}{15}}} \end{aligned}$$

10) let t be amount of days

a) March 1 $\Rightarrow t=0$, June 6 $\Rightarrow t=97$

$$\frac{(225) - (174)}{(97) - (0)} = \frac{51}{97} \quad \frac{51}{97} \text{ H5N1 cases per day}$$

b) April 3 $\Rightarrow t=0$, May 4 $\Rightarrow t=31$

$$\frac{(206) - (190)}{(31) - (0)} = \frac{16}{31} \quad \frac{16}{31} \text{ H5N1 cases per day}$$

$$12) \frac{(4.12) - (3.75)}{(6.3) - (5.1)} = \frac{0.37}{1.2} = \frac{3.7}{12}$$

$\frac{3.7}{12}$ thousand of dollars per 1000 chips or $\frac{3.7}{12}$ dollars per chip

$$18) a) g(20) \approx 300, \quad g(60) \approx 700$$

$$\frac{g(60) - g(20)}{(60) - (20)} = \frac{(700) - (300)}{(60) - (20)} = \frac{400}{40} = \underline{\underline{10}}$$

$$b) g(10) = 400, \quad g(50) = 400 \quad \underline{\underline{[10, 50]}}$$

$$c) g(40) = 200, \quad g(60) \approx 700, \quad g(70) \approx 900$$

$$\frac{g(60) - g(40)}{(60) - (40)} = \frac{(700) - (200)}{(60) - (40)} = \frac{500}{20} = \frac{50}{2} = 25 = \left(\frac{50}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{150}{6}$$

$$\frac{g(70) - g(40)}{(70) - (40)} = \frac{(900) - (200)}{(70) - (40)} = \frac{700}{30} = \frac{70}{3} = \left(\frac{70}{3}\right)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{140}{6}$$

$[40, 60]$ gives a larger rate of change

$$22) h(x) = 58x - 0.83x^2$$

$$a) h(1) = 58(1) - 0.83(1)^2 = 58 - 0.83 = 57.17$$

$$h(2) = 58(2) - 0.83(2)^2 = 116 - 0.83(4) = 116 - 3.32 = 112.68$$

$$h(1.5) = 58(1.5) - 0.83(1.5)^2 = 87 - 0.83(2.25) = 87 - 1.8675 = 85.1325$$

22 continued

$$h(1.1) = 58(1.1) - 0.83(1.1)^2 = 63.8 - 0.83(1.21) = 63.8 - 1.0043 = 62.7957$$

$$h(1.01) = 58(1.01) - 0.83(1.01)^2 = 58.58 - 0.83(1.0201) = 58.58 - 0.846683 = 57.733317$$

$$h(1.001) = 58(1.001) - 0.83(1.001)^2 = 58.058 - 0.83(1.002001) = 58.058 - 0.83166083 = 57.22633917$$

$$i) \frac{h(2) - h(1)}{(2) - (1)} = \frac{(112.68) - (57.17)}{(2) - (1)} = \frac{55.51}{1} = \underline{\underline{55.51}}$$

$$ii) \frac{h(1.5) - h(1)}{(1.5) - (1)} = \frac{(85.1325) - (57.17)}{(1.5) - (1)} = \frac{27.9625}{0.5} = \frac{279.625}{5} = \underline{\underline{55.925}}$$

$$iii) \frac{h(1.1) - h(1)}{(1.1) - (1)} = \frac{(62.7957) - (57.17)}{(1.1) - (1)} = \frac{5.6257}{0.1} = \frac{56.257}{1} = \underline{\underline{56.257}}$$

$$iv) \frac{h(1.01) - h(1)}{(1.01) - (1)} = \frac{(57.733317) - (57.17)}{(1.01) - (1)} = \frac{0.563317}{0.01} = \frac{56.3317}{1} = \underline{\underline{56.3317}}$$

$$v) \frac{h(1.001) - h(1)}{(1.001) - (1)} = \frac{(57.22633917) - (57.17)}{(1.001) - (1)} = \frac{0.05633917}{0.001} = \frac{56.33917}{1} = \underline{\underline{56.33917}}$$

b) the speed estimated when $t=1$ is 56.34 m/sec