

section 9.8

9.8 1

for this section, use the guide given in section 7.6.

only solving inequality algebraically shown here.

364) $x^2 + 4x - 12 < 0$

(step 3) $(x+6)(x-2) < 0$

(step 4) critical points
top

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x+6=0 & x-2=0 \\ -6 & -6 \\ \hline x=-6 & x=2 \end{array}$$

step 5,6	⁻⁶ $(-\infty, -6)$	² $(-6, 2)$	$(2, \infty)$
$(x+6)$	neg	POS	POS
$(x-2)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x+6)(x-2)$	POS	neg	POS

(step 7) ans: $(-6, 2)$

366) $x^2 - 6x + 8 \geq 0$

(step 3) $(x-2)(x-4) \geq 0$

(step 4) critical points
top

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x-2=0 & x-4=0 \\ +2 & +4 \\ \hline x=2 & x=4 \end{array}$$

step 5,6	² $(-\infty, 2)$	⁴ $(2, 4)$	$(4, \infty)$
$(x-2)$	neg	POS	POS
$(x-4)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x-2)(x-4)$	POS	neg	POS

(step 7) ans: $(-\infty, 2] \cup [4, \infty)$

368) $-x^2 + 2x + 24 < 0$

$+x^2 - 2x - 24 \quad +x^2 - 2x - 24$

$0 < x^2 - 2x - 24$

(step 3) $0 < (x+4)(x-6)$

(step 4) critical points
top

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x+4=0 & x-6=0 \\ -4 & -6 \\ \hline x=-4 & x=6 \end{array}$$

step 5,6	⁻⁴ $(-\infty, -4)$	⁶ $(-4, 6)$	$(6, \infty)$
$(x+4)$	neg	POS	POS
$(x-6)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x+4)(x-6)$	POS	neg	POS

(step 7) ans: $(-\infty, -4) \cup (6, \infty)$

$$370) \begin{array}{r} -x^2 + 2x + 15 > 0 \\ +x^2 - 2x - 15 \end{array}$$

$$0 > x^2 - 2x - 15$$

$$(\text{step 3}) \quad 0 > (x+3)(x-5)$$

(step 4) critical points

$$\begin{array}{l|l} \text{top} & \\ x+3=0 & x-5=0 \\ -3 & +5+5 \\ -3 & \\ \hline x=-3 & x=5 \end{array}$$

step 5,6	⁻³ $(-\infty, -3)$	⁵ $(-3, 5)$	$(5, \infty)$
$(x+3)$	neg	POS	POS
$(x-5)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x+3)(x-5)$	POS	neg	POS

(step 7) ans: $(-3, 5)$

$$372) \quad x^2 + x - 6 \leq 0$$

$$(\text{step 3}) \quad (x+3)(x-2) \leq 0$$

(step 4) critical points

$$\begin{array}{l|l} \text{top} & \\ x+3=0 & x-2=0 \\ -3 & +2+2 \\ -3 & \\ \hline x=-3 & x=2 \end{array}$$

step 5,6	⁻³ $(-\infty, -3)$	² $(-3, 2)$	$(2, \infty)$
$(x+3)$	neg	POS	POS
$(x-2)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x+3)(x-2)$	POS	neg	POS

(step 7) ans: $[-3, 2]$

$$374) \quad x^2 - 4x + 3 > 0$$

$$(\text{step 3}) \quad (x-1)(x-3) > 0$$

(step 4) critical points

$$\begin{array}{l|l} \text{top} & \\ x-1=0 & x-3=0 \\ +1 & +3+3 \\ +1 & \\ \hline x=1 & x=3 \end{array}$$

step 5,6	¹ $(-\infty, 1)$	³ $(1, 3)$	$(3, \infty)$
$(x-1)$	neg	POS	POS
$(x-3)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x-1)(x-3)$	POS	neg	POS

(step 7) ans: $(-\infty, 1) \cup (3, \infty)$

$$376) \quad x^2 + 8x < -12$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +12 \quad +12 \\ \hline (step 1) \quad x^2 + 8x + 12 < 0 \end{array}$$

$$(step 3) \quad (x+6)(x+2) < 0$$

(step 4) critical points

$$\begin{array}{r|l} \text{top} & \\ x+6=0 & x+2=0 \\ -6 \quad -6 & -2 \quad -2 \\ \hline x=-6 & x=-2 \end{array}$$

step 5, 6	$(-\infty, -6)$	$(-6, -2)$	$(-2, \infty)$
$(x+6)$	neg	POS	POS
$(x+2)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x+6)(x+2)$	POS	neg	POS

$$(step 7) \text{ ans: } \underline{\underline{(-6, -2)}}$$

$$378) \quad -x^2 + 8x - 11 < 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +x^2 - 8x + 11 < +x^2 - 8x + 11 \\ \hline 0 < x^2 - 8x + 11 \end{array}$$

"step 3" $0 < \{x - (4 - \sqrt{5})\} \{x - (4 + \sqrt{5})\}$

	$(4-\sqrt{5})$	$(4+\sqrt{5})$	
step 5, 6	$(-\infty, 4-\sqrt{5})$	$(4-\sqrt{5}, 4+\sqrt{5})$	$(4+\sqrt{5}, \infty)$
$\{x-(4-\sqrt{5})\}$	neg	POS	POS
$\{x+(4+\sqrt{5})\}$	neg	neg	POS
$\{x-(4-\sqrt{5})\}$ $\{x-(4+\sqrt{5})\}$ $= x^2 - 8x + 11$	POS	neg	POS

$$(step 7) \text{ ans: } \underline{\underline{(-\infty, 4 - \sqrt{5}) \cup (4 + \sqrt{5}, \infty)}}$$

this trinomial is not factorable

$$a=1 \quad b=-8 \quad c=11$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = (-8)^2 - 4(1)(11) = 64 - 44 = 20$$

not perfect square, 2 real sol.

$$x = \frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(1)(11)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2} = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{4} \sqrt{5}}{2} = \frac{8 \pm 2\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{2(4 \pm \sqrt{5})}{2} = 4 \pm \sqrt{5}$$

critical points (step 4)

top

$$x = 4 - \sqrt{5}$$

$\Downarrow$

$$x = (4 - \sqrt{5})$$

$$-(4 - \sqrt{5}) - (4 - \sqrt{5})$$

$$x - (4 - \sqrt{5}) = 0$$

$$\{x - (4 - \sqrt{5})\} = 0$$

$$x = 4 + \sqrt{5}$$

$\Downarrow$

$$x = (4 + \sqrt{5})$$

$$-(4 + \sqrt{5}) - (4 + \sqrt{5})$$

$$x - (4 + \sqrt{5}) = 0$$

$$\{x - (4 + \sqrt{5})\} = 0$$

$$380) \quad x^2 + 6x < -3$$

$$(step 1) \quad \frac{\quad +3 \quad +3}{x^2 + 6x + 3 < 0}$$

$$a=1 \quad b=6 \quad c=3$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = (6)^2 - 4(1)(3) = 36 - 12 = 28$$

not perfect square, 2 real number solutions

$$x = \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4(1)(3)}}{2(1)} = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{28}}{2} = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{4}\sqrt{7}}{2} = \frac{-6 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\cancel{2}(-3 \pm \sqrt{7})}{\cancel{2}} = -3 \pm \sqrt{7}$$

this trinomial is not factorable

$$x^2 + 6x + 3 < 0$$

"step 3"

$$\{x + 3 + \sqrt{7}\} \{x + 3 - \sqrt{7}\} < 0$$

$$(step 7) \text{ ans: } \underline{\underline{(-3 - \sqrt{7}, -3 + \sqrt{7})}}$$

(step 4) critical points

top

$$x = -3 - \sqrt{7}$$

$$x = -3 + \sqrt{7}$$

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$$x = (-3 - \sqrt{7})$$

$$x = (-3 + \sqrt{7})$$

$$\frac{-(-3 - \sqrt{7}) - (-3 - \sqrt{7})}{2}$$

$$\frac{-(-3 + \sqrt{7}) - (-3 + \sqrt{7})}{2}$$

$$x - (-3 - \sqrt{7}) = 0$$

$$x - (-3 + \sqrt{7}) = 0$$

$$\{x - (-3 - \sqrt{7})\} = 0$$

$$\{x - (-3 + \sqrt{7})\} = 0$$

$$\{x + 3 + \sqrt{7}\} = 0$$

$$\{x + 3 - \sqrt{7}\} = 0$$

step 5, 6

$(-3 - \sqrt{7})$

$(-3 + \sqrt{7})$

$(-\infty, -3 - \sqrt{7})$ $(-3 - \sqrt{7}, -3 + \sqrt{7})$ $(-3 + \sqrt{7}, \infty)$

$$\{x + 3 + \sqrt{7}\}$$

neg

POS

POS

$$\{x + 3 - \sqrt{7}\}$$

neg

neg

POS

$$\{x + 3 + \sqrt{7}\} \{x + 3 - \sqrt{7}\}$$

POS

neg

POS

$$= x^2 + 6x + 3$$

$$382) \quad -3x^2 - 4x + 4 \leq 0$$

$$\quad \quad \quad +3x^2 + 4x - 4 \quad \quad +3x^2 + 4x - 4$$

$$0 \leq 3x^2 + 4x - 4$$

$$(step 3) \quad 0 \leq (x+2)(3x-2)$$

(step 4) critical points

$$\begin{array}{l|l} \text{top} & \\ x+2=0 & 3x-2=0 \\ -2 & +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline x = -2 & \frac{3x=2}{3} \\ & x = \frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$a=3 \quad b=4 \quad c=-4$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = (4)^2 - 4(3)(-4)$$

$$= 16 + 48 = 64$$

perfect square, 2 real sol.
factorable

step 5, 6	$(-\infty, -2)$	$(-2, \frac{2}{3})$	$(\frac{2}{3}, \infty)$
$(x+2)$	neg	POS	POS
$(3x-2)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x+2)(3x-2)$	POS	neg	POS

$$(step 7) \text{ ans: } \underline{\underline{(-\infty, -2] \cup [\frac{2}{3}, \infty)}}$$

$$384) \quad 2x^2 + 5x - 12 > 0$$

$$(step 3) \quad (x+4)(2x-3) > 0$$

(step 4) critical points

$$\begin{array}{l|l} \text{top} & \\ x+4=0 & 2x-3=0 \\ -4 & +3 \quad +3 \\ \hline x = -4 & \frac{2x=3}{2} \\ & x = \frac{3}{2} \end{array}$$

step 5, 6	$(-\infty, -4)$	$(-4, \frac{3}{2})$	$(\frac{3}{2}, \infty)$
$(x+4)$	neg	POS	POS
$(2x-3)$	neg	neg	POS
$(x+4)(2x-3)$	POS	neg	POS

$$(step 7) \text{ ans: } \underline{\underline{(-\infty, -4) \cup (\frac{3}{2}, \infty)}}$$

386) $x^2 - 3x + 6 \leq 0$ *this trinomial is not factorable*

$a=1$ $b=-3$ $c=6$

$b^2 - 4ac = (-3)^2 - 4(1)(6) = 9 - 24 = -15$

2 complex number sol.

no critical points

(step 7) ans: none

step 5, 6	$(-\infty, \infty)$
$x^2 - 3x + 6$	use test value $x=0$ $(0)^2 - 3(0) + 6 = 6$ POS

388) $-x^2 - 4x - 5 < 0$
 $\frac{+x^2 + 4x + 5}{+x^2 + 4x + 5}$

$0 < x^2 + 4x + 5$

$a=1$ $b=4$ $c=5$

$b^2 - 4ac = (4)^2 - 4(1)(5) = 16 - 20 = -4$

2 complex number sol.

no critical points

this trinomial is not factorable

step 5, 6	$(-\infty, \infty)$
$x^2 + 4x + 5$	use test value $x=0$ $(0)^2 + 4(0) + 5 = 5$ POS

(step 7) ans: $(-\infty, \infty)$

390) $-x^2 + 2x - 7 \geq 0$
 $\frac{+x^2 - 2x + 7}{+x^2 - 2x + 7}$

$0 \geq x^2 - 2x + 7$

$a=1$ $b=-2$ $c=7$

$b^2 - 4ac = (-2)^2 - 4(1)(7) = 4 - 28 = -24$

2 complex number sol.

no critical points

(step 7) ans: none

this trinomial is not factorable

step 5, 6	$(-\infty, \infty)$
$x^2 - 2x + 7$	use test value $x=0$ $(0)^2 - 2(0) + 7 = 7$ POS