

section 8.1

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$$2-a) \sqrt{169} = \sqrt{(13)^2} = \underline{\underline{13}}$$

for square root ($\sqrt{\quad}$), we need pairs
(or squared, 2nd degree) to remove radical sign

$$2-b) -\sqrt{100} = -\sqrt{(10)^2} = \underline{\underline{-10}}$$

$$4-a) \sqrt{144} = \sqrt{(12)^2} = \underline{\underline{12}}$$

$$4-b) -\sqrt{121} = -\sqrt{(11)^2} = \underline{\underline{-11}}$$

$$6-a) \sqrt{\frac{64}{121}} = \frac{\sqrt{64}}{\sqrt{121}} = \frac{\sqrt{(8)^2}}{\sqrt{(11)^2}} = \underline{\underline{\frac{8}{11}}}$$

$$6-b) -\sqrt{0.16} = -\sqrt{(0.4)^2} = \underline{\underline{-0.4}}$$

$$8-a) -\sqrt{400} = -\sqrt{(20)^2} = \underline{\underline{-20}}$$

$$8-b) \sqrt{-36} \text{ not a real number}$$

note: $\sqrt{-36} = 6i$ where $i = \sqrt{-1}$ and this is complex number and not a real number. This is true for all even roots.

$$10-a) \sqrt{-49} \text{ not a real number}$$

$$10-b) -\sqrt{256} = -\sqrt{(2)^8} = -(2)^4 = \underline{\underline{-16}}$$

$$12-a) \sqrt[3]{27} = \sqrt[3]{(3)^3} = \underline{\underline{3}}$$

for cube root ($\sqrt[3]{\quad}$), we need triples
(or cubes, 3rd degree) to remove radical sign.

$$12-b) \sqrt[4]{16} = \sqrt[4]{(2)^4} = \underline{\underline{2}}$$

for 4th root ($\sqrt[4]{\quad}$), we need quadruplets
(or 4th degree) to remove radical sign.

$$12-c) \sqrt[5]{243} = \sqrt[5]{(3)^5} = \underline{\underline{3}}$$

for 5th root ($\sqrt[5]{\quad}$), we need quintuplets
(or 5th degree) to remove radical sign.

$$14-a) \sqrt[3]{125} = \sqrt[3]{(5)^3} = \underline{\underline{5}}$$

$$14-b) \sqrt[4]{1296} = \sqrt[4]{(2)^4(3)^4} = (2)(3) = \underline{\underline{6}}$$

$$14-c) \sqrt[5]{1024} = \sqrt[5]{(2)^{10}} = (2)^2 = \underline{\underline{4}}$$

$$16-a) \sqrt[3]{-64} = \sqrt[3]{(-4)^3} = \underline{\underline{-4}}$$

$$16-b) \sqrt[4]{-16} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{even root} \\ \text{not a real number} \end{array}$$

$$16-c) \sqrt[5]{-243} = \sqrt[5]{(-3)^5} = \underline{\underline{-3}}$$

$$18-a) \sqrt[3]{-512} = \sqrt[3]{(-2)^9} = (-2)^3 = \underline{\underline{-8}}$$

$$18-b) \sqrt[4]{-81} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{even root} \\ \text{not a real number} \end{array}$$

$$18-c) \sqrt[5]{-1} = \sqrt[5]{(-1)^5} = \underline{\underline{-1}}$$

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$$28-a) \sqrt[3]{a^3} = \underline{\underline{a}}$$

$$28-b) \sqrt[9]{b^9} = \underline{\underline{b}}$$

for odd roots

$$30-a) \sqrt[8]{k^8} = \underline{\underline{|k|}}$$

$$30-b) \sqrt[6]{p^6} = \underline{\underline{|p|}}$$

for even roots

$$32-a) \sqrt{a^{14}} = \underline{\underline{|a^7|}}$$

$$32-b) \sqrt{w^{24}} = |w^{12}| = \underline{\underline{w^{12}}}$$

$$34-a) \sqrt{a^{12}} = |a^6| = \underline{\underline{a^6}}$$

$$34-b) \sqrt{b^{26}} = \underline{\underline{|b^{13}|}}$$

$$36-a) \sqrt[5]{a^{10}} = \underline{\underline{a^2}}$$

$$36-b) \sqrt[3]{b^{27}} = \underline{\underline{b^9}}$$

$$38-a) \sqrt[6]{n^{12}} = |n^2| = \underline{\underline{n^2}}$$

$$38-b) \sqrt[3]{a^{30}} = \underline{\underline{a^{10}}}$$

$$40-a) \sqrt{100y^2} = |10y| = \underline{\underline{10|y|}}$$

$$40-b) -\sqrt{100m^{32}} = -|10m^{16}| = \underline{\underline{-10m^{16}}}$$

$$42-a) \sqrt{81x^{36}} = |9x^{18}| = \underline{\underline{9x^{18}}}$$

$$42-b) -\sqrt{25x^2} = -|5x| = \underline{\underline{-5|x|}}$$

$$44-a) \sqrt[3]{-8c^9} = \underline{\underline{-2c^3}}$$

$$44-b) \sqrt[3]{125d^{15}} = \underline{\underline{5d^5}}$$

$$46-a) \sqrt[7]{128n^{14}} = \sqrt[7]{(2)^7 n^{14}} = \underline{\underline{2n^2}}$$

$$46-b) \sqrt[4]{81a^{24}} = |3a^6| = \underline{\underline{3a^6}}$$

$$48-a) \sqrt{196a^2b^2} = \sqrt{(14)^2 a^2 b^2} = |14ab| = \underline{\underline{14|ab|}}$$

$$48-b) \sqrt{81p^{24}q^6} = |9p^{12}q^3| = \underline{\underline{9p^{12}|q^3|}}$$

$$48-c) \sqrt[3]{27p^{45}q^9} = \underline{\underline{3p^{15}q^3}}$$

$$50-a) \sqrt{225x^2y^2z^2} = \sqrt{(15)^2 x^2 y^2 z^2} = |15xyz| = \underline{\underline{15|xyz|}}$$

$$50-b) \sqrt{36n^6a^{10}} = |6n^3a^5| = \underline{\underline{6|n^3a^5|}}$$

$$50-c) \sqrt[3]{125y^{18}z^{27}} = \sqrt[3]{(5)^3 y^{18} z^{27}} = \underline{\underline{5y^6z^9}}$$