## Answer ALL questions (10 points each). Show all work.

1. Let  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  be the lines

- (a) Are  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  parallel, perpendicular or neither?
- (b) Find an equation for the plane through  $l_1$  and  $l_2$ .
- 2. The air pressure at all points (x, y, z) in some region is  $P(x,y,z) = 10 + \frac{25}{z^2 + 1} + \sin(2x^2 + y^3 + z).$
- (a) Find the rate at which the pressure is changing per unit distance at the point (1,0,-2) in the direction  $\mathbf{v}=\langle 1,2,5\rangle$ .
- (b) The position at time t of a fly in the region is  $(2t-1,e^{2t-2}-1,t^3-t-2)$ . Find the rate at which the pressure the fly experiences is changing per unit time when it is at position (1,0,-2).
- 3. Find all local maxima, local minima and saddle points of the graph of  $f(x,y) = -3y^3 - 4x^2 + 8x + 9y.$
- **4.** (a) Find the mass of a lamina that occupies the region bounded by  $y = \sqrt{x}$ , x + y = 2and y = 0 and has density  $\delta(x, y) = y$  at each point (x, y).
  - (b) Use differentials (linear approximation) to approximate  $\frac{25}{3.1^2 + 3.8^2}$ .
- 5. (a) Find the volume of the region bounded by  $z = x^2 + y^2$  and  $z = 8 x^2 y^2$ .
- (b) Find an equation of the tangent plane to the graph of  $xy^2 = 2 + \ln(2z 1)$  at the point (2, -1, 1).
- State, for each series, whether it converges absolutely, converges conditionally or diverges. Name a test which supports each conclusion and show the work to apply the

  - (a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 2^n}{2^n + 1}$  (b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 2^n (2n+1)}{n!}$  (c)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \ln n}{n}$
- (a) Find the interval of convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)(x+2)^n}{(n+3)^2}$ .

Remember to check the endpoints, if applicable.

(b) Find the limit or show it does not exist:  $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^2}{x^2+u^2}$ 

- 8. (a) Find a unit vector in the direction of the tangent vector at the point (1,5,2) to the curve with vector representation  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \sqrt{t+e^t}, 2t+5, t^3+2 \rangle \rangle$ .
- (b) Graph the equation  $x^2 4y^2 4z^2 6x + 5 = 0$ , labelling the coordinates of the vertices.
- 9. Do part (a) OR (b). If you do both parts, only part (a) will be graded. Mark clearly, by crossing out any work you do want graded.
- (a) Find the mass of the region in space bounded by  $z = x^2 + y^2$ ,  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and z = 0 and having density  $\delta(x, y, z) = 2z(x^2 + y^2)$ .
- (b) Find the mass of the region above the xy-plane and inside both the cone  $\phi = \pi/4$  and the sphere  $\rho = 2$  which has density  $\delta(x, y, z) = z$ .
- 10. (a) Let  $f(x) = e^{-x^4}$ .
- (i) Find the first four nonzero terms of the Maclaurin series (i.e., the series centered at 0) representation of f(x).
- (ii) Use the result in (i) to find  $\int_0^{1/2} f(x) dx$  with an error less than or equal .001. Justify that your answer has the required accuracy.
- (b) Find the surface area of the portion of the surface  $z = y^2$  which is above the triangle in the xy-plane with vertices (0,0,0), (0,1,0) and (1,1,0).