

2-a) factors of P

2-b)  $P(c) = k$ 

$$4) P(x) = 3x^3 + 9x^2 - 5x - 1, D(x) = x+4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x^2 - 3x + 7 \\ \hline x+4 \left| 3x^3 + 9x^2 - 5x - 1 \right. \\ - (3x^3 + 12x^2) \\ \hline -3x^2 - 5x \\ - (-3x^2 - 12x) \\ \hline + 7x - 1 \\ - (7x + 28) \\ \hline -29 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3x^3 + 9x^2 - 5x - 1}{x+4} = 3x^2 - 3x + 7 + \frac{(-29)}{x+4}$$

$$6) P(x) = 6x^3 + x^2 - 12x + 5, D(x) = 3x - 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^2 + 3x \\ \hline 3x - 4 \left| 6x^3 + x^2 - 12x + 5 \right. \\ - (6x^3 - 8x^2) \\ \hline + 9x^2 - 12x \\ - (9x^2 - 12x) \\ \hline 0x + 5 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{6x^3 + x^2 - 12x + 5}{3x - 4} = 2x^2 + 3x + \frac{(+)5}{3x - 4}$$

2

$$8) P(x) = 2x^5 + x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 5, \quad D(x) = x^2 - 3x + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^3 + 6x^2 + 16x + 40 \\ \hline x^2 - 3x + 1 \left[ \begin{array}{r} 2x^5 + 0x^4 + x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 5 \\ -(2x^5 - 6x^4 + 2x^3) \\ \hline + 6x^4 - 2x^3 - 2x^2 \\ - (6x^4 - 18x^3 + 6x^2) \\ \hline + 16x^3 - 8x^2 + 3x \\ - (16x^3 - 48x^2 + 16x) \\ \hline + 40x^2 - 13x - 5 \\ - (40x^2 - 120x + 40) \\ \hline + 107x - 45 \end{array} \right] \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2x^5 + x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 5}{x^2 - 3x + 1} \\ &= 2x^3 + 6x^2 + 16x + 40 + \frac{(+107x - 45)}{x^2 - 3x + 1} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$$

$$10) P(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 - 10x, \quad D(x) = x - 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3 + 5x^2 + 15x + 35 \\ \hline x - 3 \left[ \begin{array}{r} x^4 + 2x^3 + 0x^2 - 10x + 0 \\ -(x^4 - 3x^3) \\ \hline + 5x^3 + 0x^2 \\ - (5x^3 - 15x^2) \\ \hline + 15x^2 - 10x \\ - (15x^2 - 45x) \\ \hline + 35x + 0 \\ - (35x - 105) \\ \hline + 105 \end{array} \right] \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & x^4 + 2x^3 - 10x \\ &= (x - 3)(x^3 + 5x^2 + 15x + 35) + (+105) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$$

3

$$12) P(x) = 4x^3 + 7x + 9, \quad D(x) = 2x + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^2 - x + 3 \\ 2x+1 \overline{)4x^3 + 0x^2 + 7x + 9} \\ -(4x^3 + 2x^2) \\ \hline -2x^2 + 7x \\ -(-2x^2 - x) \\ \hline +6x + 9 \\ -(6x + 3) \\ \hline +6 \end{array}$$

$$4x^3 + 7x + 9 = (2x+1)(2x^2 - x + 3) + (+6)$$

$$14) P(x) = 27x^5 - 9x^4 + 3x^2 - 3, \quad D(x) = 3x^2 - 3x + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9x^3 + 6x^2 + 3x + 2 \\ 3x^2 - 3x + 1 \overline{)27x^5 - 9x^4 + 0x^3 + 3x^2 + 0x - 3} \\ -(27x^5 - 27x^4 + 9x^3) \\ \hline +18x^4 - 9x^3 + 3x^2 \\ -(18x^4 - 18x^3 + 6x^2) \\ \hline +9x^3 - 3x^2 + 0x \\ -(9x^3 - 9x^2 + 3x) \\ \hline +6x^2 - 3x - 3 \\ -(6x^2 - 6x + 2) \\ \hline +3x - 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27x^5 - 9x^4 + 3x^2 - 3 \\ = (3x^2 - 3x + 1)(9x^3 + 6x^2 + 3x + 2) \\ + (+3x - 5) \end{array}$$

$$16) \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 1}{x+3}$$

$$Q(x) = x^2 - x + 2$$

$$R(x) = -5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - x + 2 \\ \hline x+3 \left| \begin{array}{r} x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 1 \\ -(x^3 + 3x^2) \\ \hline -x^2 - x \\ (-x^2 - 3x) \\ \hline +2x + 1 \\ -(2x + 6) \\ \hline -5 \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 1}{x+3} = x^2 - x + 2 + \frac{(-5)}{x+3}$$

$$18) \frac{x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 3}{3x + 6}$$

$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$R(x) = -1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3} \\ \hline 3x+6 \left| \begin{array}{r} x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 3 \\ -(x^3 + 2x^2) \\ \hline x^2 + 4x \\ - (x^2 + 2x) \\ \hline +2x + 3 \\ -(2x + 4) \\ \hline -1 \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 3}{3x + 6} = \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{(-1)}{3x + 6}$$

5

$$20) \frac{x^4 - 3x^3 + x - 2}{x^2 - 5x + 1}$$

$$Q(x) = x^2 + 2x + 9$$

$$R(x) = 44x - 11$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 + 2x + 9 \\ \hline x^2 - 5x + 1 \left[ \begin{array}{r} x^4 - 3x^3 + 0x^2 + x - 2 \\ -(x^4 - 5x^3 + x^2) \\ \hline + 2x^3 - x^2 + x \\ -(2x^3 - 10x^2 + 2x) \\ \hline + 9x^2 - x - 2 \\ -(9x^2 - 45x + 9) \\ \hline + 44x - 11 \end{array} \right] \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x^4 - 3x^3 + x - 2}{x^2 - 5x + 1} = x^2 + 2x + 9 + \frac{(44x - 11)}{x^2 - 5x + 1}$$

$$22) \frac{9x^2 - x + 5}{3x^2 - 7x}$$

$$Q(x) = 3$$

$$R(x) = 20x - 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \hline 3x^2 - 7x + 0 \left[ \begin{array}{r} 9x^2 - x + 5 \\ -(9x^2 - 21x + 0) \\ \hline + 20x - 5 \end{array} \right] \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{9x^2 - x + 5}{3x^2 - 7x} = 3 + \frac{(20x - 5)}{3x^2 - 7x}$$

6

$$24) \frac{2x^5 - 7x^4 - 13}{4x^2 - 6x + 8}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \frac{1}{2}x^3 - x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{7}{4} \\
 4x^2 - 6x + 8 \sqrt{2x^5 - 7x^4 + 0x^3 + 0x^2 + 0x - 13} \\
 - (2x^3 - 3x^4 + 4x^3) \\
 \hline
 -4x^4 - 4x^3 + 0x^2 \\
 -(-4x^4 + 6x^3 - 8x^2) \\
 \hline
 -10x^3 + 8x^2 + 0x \\
 -(-10x^3 + 15x^2 - 20x) \\
 \hline
 -7x^2 + 20x - 13 \\
 -(-7x^2 + \frac{21}{2}x - 14) \\
 \hline
 \frac{19}{2}x + 1
 \end{array}$$

$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^3 - x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{7}{4}$$

$$R(x) = \frac{19}{2}x + 1$$

$$\frac{2x^5 - 7x^4 - 13}{4x^2 - 6x + 8} = \frac{1}{2}x^3 - x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{7}{4} + \frac{\left(\frac{19}{2}x + 1\right)}{4x^2 - 6x + 8}$$