# **COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES**

## **DEPARTMENT: MATHEMATICS**

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#### COURSE #: 15000

**COURSE TITLE:** Mathematics for the Contemporary World CATEGORY: Required for BA students unless Pre-calculus is taken

TERM OFFERED: every term PRE-REQUISITES: None PRE/CO-REQUISITES:

HOURS/CREDITS: 3 hr./wk. 3 credits DATE EFFECTIVE: January 18, 2007 COURSE COORDINATOR: Rochelle H. Ring

#### **CATALOG DESCRIPTION**

Bombarded by statistics, assailed by advertisers and advocates of all persuasions, the average person needs mathematics to make sense of the world. This course aims to give students the tools needed to critically examine the quantitative issues of our times. Students will learn the basics of logical reasoning, using graphs and algebra to create quantitative models and the role of statistics and probability in analyzing data. We will apply these ideas to assess the quantitative claims raised in contemporary case studies commonly discussed in the media.

#### **COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Please describe below all learning outcomes of the course, and indicate the letter(s) of the corresponding Departmental Learning Outcome(s) (see list at bottom) in the column at right.

After taking this course the student should be able to:  1. identify fallacious arguments and test the validity of an argument by the use of Venn	Contributes to Departmental Learning Outcome(s):
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diagrams or the laws of logic.	С
2. solve quantitative problems by identifying units and use rules for operations on quantities with	
units to solve 'real-world' problems.	a, c, d
3. convert among standardized units and solve complex 'real-world' problems using a calculator.	a, c, d
4. interpret and calculate in examples with subtle uses of percentages describing change or	
comparison in examples drawn from media sources.	a, c, d
5. interpret and manipulate very large/small numbers including the use of scale ratios.	a, c, d
6. identify types of studies and sampling methods and evaluate sources of bias in statistical studies.	С
7. construct and interpret statistical graphs and tables and extract data from graphics from	
media sources.	a, c, d
8. characterize data distributions using measures of central tendency and variation and	
solve problems involving normally distributed data.	a, c, d
9. create and use functions to model linear processes.	a, b, c, d
10. contrast linear and exponential growth/decay, identifying situations in which each occurs.	a, b, c, d
11. convert between percentage rates (for growth/decay) and doubling(or halving) times	
and solve problems involving exponential change.	a, c, d

Note: CLO d (use of technology) is limited to the use of the calculator

### **DEPARTMENTAL LEARNING OUTCOMES** (to be filled out by departmental mentor)

- a. perform numeric and symbolic computations
- b. construct and apply symbolic and graphical representations of functions
- c. model real-life problems mathematically
- d use technology appropriately to analyze mathematical problems
- e. state (e1) and apply (e2) mathematical definitions and theorems
- f. prove fundamental theorems
- g. construct and present (generally in writing, but, occasionally, orally) a rigorous mathematical argument.