

Name: ANSWERS

Instructions: (1) No calculators! (2) Use your own scrap paper. Write your answers in the space provided.

1. Give the formula for the equation of a plane, and the meaning of the symbols used:

$$a(x-x_0) + b(y-y_0) + c(z-z_0) = 0 \quad \text{Meanings } (x_0, y_0, z_0) - \text{point on plane}, \\ \vec{n} = \langle a, b, c \rangle - \text{normal vector}$$

2. Let $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle x(t), y(t) \rangle$. What is

$$(a) \lim_{t \rightarrow a} \mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \lim_{t \rightarrow a} x(t), \lim_{t \rightarrow a} y(t) \rangle \quad (b) \mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle x'(t), y'(t) \rangle$$

3. Let $\mathbf{r}(t) = \left\langle te^t, \frac{1}{t-2}, \ln t - 5 \right\rangle$. (a) What is the domain of $\mathbf{r}(t)$? $t \in (0, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

$$(b) \text{Compute } \mathbf{r}'(t) = \left\langle te^t + e^t, -\frac{1}{(t-2)^2}, \frac{1}{t} \right\rangle$$

$$(c) \text{Compute } \int \mathbf{r}(t) dt = \left\langle te^t - e^t, \ln|t-2|, t \ln t - 5t \right\rangle + \vec{C}$$

$$(d) \text{Compute } \lim_{t \rightarrow e^5} \mathbf{r}(t) = \left\langle e^5 e^{e^5}, e^{\frac{1}{e^5-2}}, 0 \right\rangle$$

4. Find an equation for the plane that passes through $(2, 3, -1)$ that contains the line $\langle x, y, z \rangle = \langle 3, -1, 0 \rangle + t \langle 5, -1, 1 \rangle$

$$3(x-2) - 4(y-3) - 19(z+1) = 0$$

5. Find the equation of the line through $(1, 2, 3)$ that is orthogonal to the plane $2x - 3y + 5z = 5$

$$\langle x, y, z \rangle = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle + t \langle 2, -3, 5 \rangle$$

6. Find the point of intersection of the line L : $x = 1 + 3t$, $y = -2t$, $z = 1 + t$ and the plane $x + y + z = 6$

$$(7, -4, 3)$$

7. Give the formula for the unit tangent vector for a function $\mathbf{r}(t)$

$$\hat{T}(t) = \frac{\vec{\mathbf{r}}'(t)}{\|\vec{\mathbf{r}}'(t)\|}$$

8. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $\mathbf{r}(t)$ in problem 3. at the point $(e, -1, -5)$

$$\langle x, y, z \rangle = \langle e, -1, -5 \rangle + t \langle 2e, -1, 1 \rangle$$

Bonus: Sketch the level curves of $z = x^2 + y^2$ in the xy -plane:

