

Math 201 Quiz 7A

October 7, 2019

Name: ANSWERS

Instructions: No calculators. Use your own scrap. Write your fully simplified answers in the space provided.

1. Use the limit definition of the derivative to find $f'(x)$ if $f(x) = \cos x$. Show your work below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(x+h) - \cos x}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x \cos h - \sin x \sin h - \cos x}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\cos x \frac{(\cos h - 1)}{h} - \sin x \frac{(\sin h)}{h} \right] = -\sin x
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Hence, by the above, find the equation of the tangent line to $f(x)$ at the point where $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

$$y = \underline{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} \quad \text{OR} \quad \underline{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}(\pi + 4)}$$

3. Complete the following rules/computations:

(a) $\frac{d}{dx} f(g(x)) = \underline{f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)}$ (b) $\frac{d}{dx} (f(x) + g(x)) = \underline{f'(x) + g'(x)}$

(c) $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x} = \underline{-1/x^2}$ (d) $\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \underline{\cos x}$

(e) $\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x} = \underline{1/2\sqrt{x} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}}$ (f) $\frac{d}{dx} x^2 = \underline{2x}$

4. Differentiate:

(a) $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{x^2 + \frac{1}{x} + 5}{3} = \underline{\frac{2x}{3} - \frac{1}{3x^2}}$ (b) $\frac{d}{dx} \cos(5 + x - \sqrt{x}) = \underline{-(1 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}) \sin(5 + x - \sqrt{x})}$

Bonus (can only be completed if all above are attempted):

1. State the product rule: $\underline{\frac{d}{dx} (f \cdot g) = f' \cdot g + f \cdot g'}$

2. State the power rule: $\underline{\frac{d}{dx} x^n = nx^{n-1}}$

3. State the quotient rule: $\underline{\frac{d}{dx} (f/g) = \frac{f'g - fg'}{g^2}}$

4. Compute: $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{x^2 + 1}{\sin(x^2)} = \underline{\frac{2x \sin(x^2) - 2x \cos(x^2)(x^2 + 1)}{\sin^2(x^2)}}$